Ecosystem Changes and Water Policy Choices:

Four Scenarios for the Lower Colorado River Basin to 2050



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ISLANDPRESS

Photos: Mark Lellouch and Karl Flessa

Millennium Ecosystem Assessment

short-term -->

- long-term

Human Well-being and Poverty Reduction

- Basic material for a good life
- Health
- Good Social Relations

GLOBAL

- Security
- Freedom of choice and action

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Ecosystem services

Ecosystem

Services

Indirect Drivers of Change

- Demographic
- Economic (globalization, trade, market and policy framework)
- Sociopolitical (governance and institutional framework)
- Science and Technology
- Cultural and Religious

Direct Drivers of Change

- Changes in land use
- Species introduction or removal
- Technology adaptation and use
- External inputs (e.g., irrigation)
- Resource consumption
- Climate change
- Natural physical and biological drivers (e.g., volcanoes)

Scenarios for the Lower Basin

Drivers

- Climate change
- Population growth
- Policies
- > Outcomes
 - Ecosystem changes in the Delta
 - Changes in human well-being in the Lower Basin

Scenario 1: Dry Future

- Long-term drought
- Streamflows keep declining
- Lake Mead level drops
- Compact is eventually scrapped
- New water allocation based on population

CA	4.4 to 4.4 maf	CO	3.9 to 1.2 maf
AZ	2.8 to 2.2 maf	UT	1.7 to 0.7 maf
NV	0.3 to 0.9 maf	WY	1.0 to 0.1 maf
Mexico	1.5 to 1.0 maf	NM	0.8 to 0.4 maf



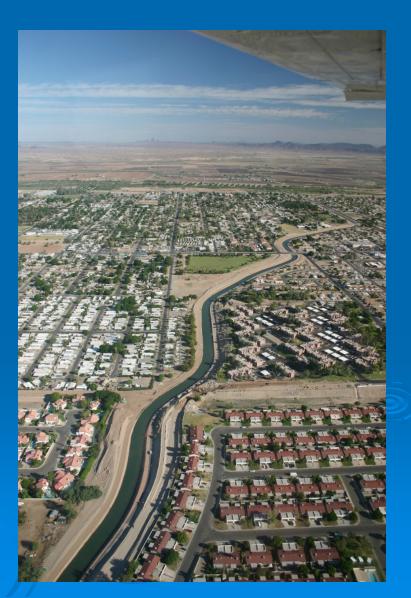
Scenario 1: Dry Future (cont'd)

- > Agriculture declines, urban water prices skyrocket
- Economic dislocation
- Limited interstate water market
- > Quality of life suffers
- Campaign to uproot all vegetation along the LCR
- Delta? What Delta?



Scenario 2: The Market Rules

- Unfettered interstate water market
- > Ambitious augmentation and efficiency projects
- Accelerating rural to urban transfers
- > Tremendous urban growth



Scenario 2: The Market Rules (cont'd)

- Water conservation cannot keep pace with population increases
- Window of opportunity to restore Delta ecosystems closes



Scenario 3: Powell's Prophecy

- Development of a comprehensive vision for water resources management in the arid West
- Limits on rural to urban transfers
- Aggressive urban water conservation programs and shared best practices





Scenario 3: Powell's Prophecy (cont'd)

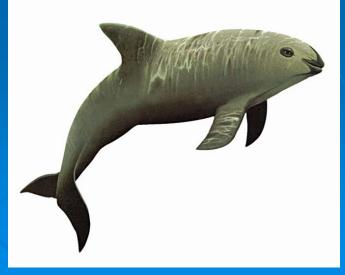
- Water efficiency projects in Mexico
- Base and pulse flows for the Delta
- Recovery of estuarine conditions and indigenous communities
- Delta becomes a model for restoration worldwide



Scenario 4: A Delta and Estuary Once More

- Growing recognition of the importance of biological and cultural diversity
- New research on freshwater flows and endangered species in the Upper Gulf
- US Supreme Court intervenes to apply ESA
- US and Mexico embark on ecosystem-based management of the river



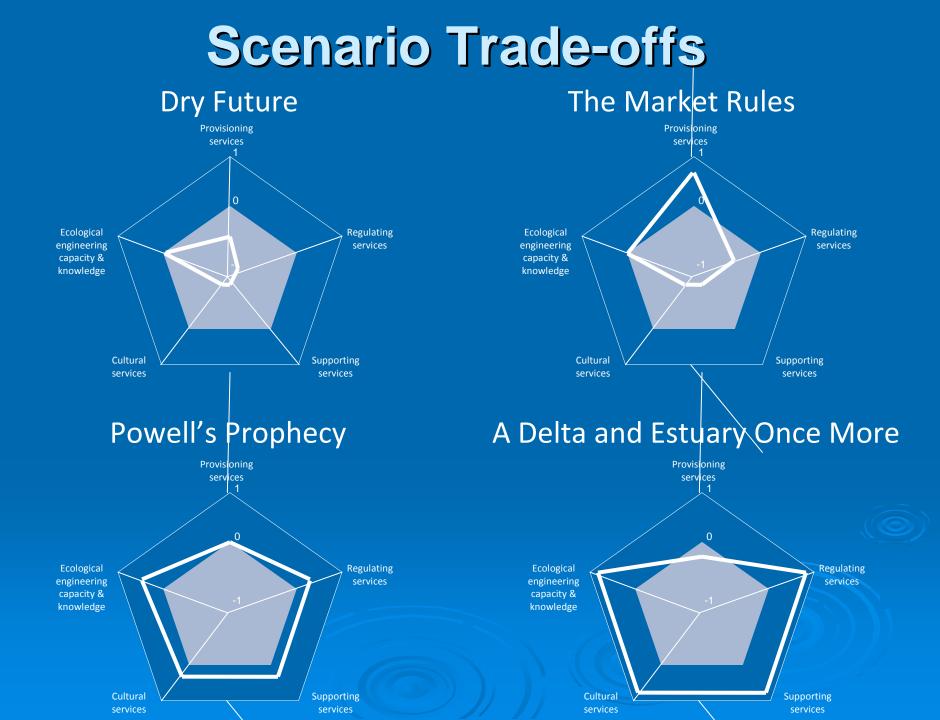


Scenario 4: A Delta and Estuary Once More (cont'd)

- Environmental assessment per af
- Best practices in cities and agriculture
- Development of regional water conservation goals
- Fisheries thrive and endangered species recover in the Upper Gulf
- Communities and ecotourism flourish in the Delta







Recommendations

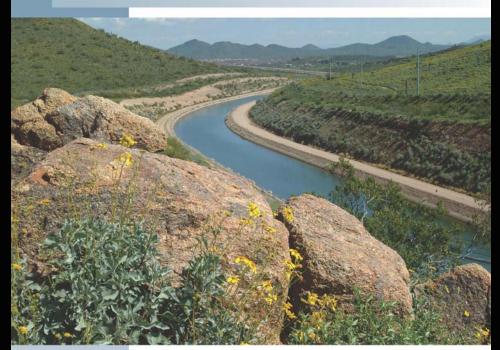
Extend ICS

- Dedicate base and pulse flows to Delta ecosystems
- Encourage water conservation in agriculture and cities
- Create mechanisms to safeguard rural communities



I would love to live Like a river flows Carried by the surprise Of its own unfolding John O'Donohue THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA.

Water Resources Research Center College of Agriculture and Life Sciences





The Importance of the Colorado River to Arizona's Future

